

Ammonia Inhalant Solution Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012) Date of issue: 06/02/2014 Version: 1.0

1.1. Product identifier	substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
and the second	
Product form	: Mixture
Trade name	: Ammonia Inhalant Solution
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Jse of the substance/mixture	: OTC drug used to treat or prevent fainting
Jse of the substance/mixture	: For professional use only
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	afety data sheet
James Alexander Corporation 845 Route 94 Blairstown NJ 07825	
Tel: (908) 362-9266	
nvolving chemicals. All non-emergency que	r is to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident estions should be directed to JAC at (908) 362-9266.
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance	e or mixture
GHS-US classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Carc. 1A H350	
A shall also a shall be shall	
GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	$: \qquad \qquad$
GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	
GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) Signal word (GHS-US)	: CHS02 CHS05 CHS08
GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) Signal word (GHS-US) Hazard statements (GHS-US)	 For the second second
GHS-US labelling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) Signal word (GHS-US) Hazard statements (GHS-US) Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	 i with a state of the state of the

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	P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
	P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
	P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label)
	P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
	P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray, sand, earth for extinction
	P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool P405 - Store locked up
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulation.
2.3. Other hazards	

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethyl alcohol	(CAS No) 64-17-5	30 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 1A, H350
Ammonia	(CAS No) 7664-41-7	15 - 20	Flam. Gas 2, H221 Compressed gas, H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314

es
: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. by trained personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.
: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Do not rub the skin and eyes after direct contact with the product. Seek medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
: In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.
: If the person is fully conscious, make him/her drink water. Never give an unconscious person anything to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).
effects, both acute and delayed
: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. This material or its emissions may affect the central nervous system and/or aggravate pre-existing disorders.
: May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of decomposition products may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory system, may cause throat pain and cough. Difficulty in breathing.
: May cause severe burns.
: Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.
: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

No additional information available

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measur	es
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.
5.2. Special hazards arising from t	ne substance or mixture
Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Reactivity	: Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protective equipment for firefighters	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	: Containers may swell and Burst during a fire due to internal pressure caused by heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	neasures
6.1. Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smoking. Stop leak if safe to do so. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Wear protective clothing. For further information refer to section 8 : Exposure-controls/personal protection.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
	· Evacuate unnecessary personnel
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
Emergency procedures 6.1.2. For emergency responders	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

: Ventilate area. Emergency procedures

6.2. **Environmental precautions**

Methods for cleaning up

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

6.4. **Reference to other sections**

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Additional hazards when processed	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Precautions for safe handling	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	: Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect containers against physical damage. Detached outside storage is preferable. Inside storage should be in an NFPA approved flammable liquids storage room or cabinet. Store in corrosion-proof area at temperatures below 77 degrees F (25oC). Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.
Incompatible materials	: Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ammonia (7664-41-7			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm	UNITE CONTRACTOR
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	35 ppm	Statistic memory in
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	35 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm	Contraction of the second

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-	5)		and the second
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm	Sanda 1500 ig ganatori
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1900 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	e-five scriptments

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Personal protective equipment

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.



Hand protection

Eye protection Skin and body protection Respiratory protection

Other information

: Wear protective gloves. rubber gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Chemical goggles or face shield.

- : Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant safety shoes.
- Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals. Care must be taken to assure that any respirator chosen is capable of protecting the user from both ammonia and ethyl alcohol vapors.

: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

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SECTION 9: Physical and	chemical pro	operties		
9.1. Information on basic p	hysical and che	mical properties		
Physical state	A States	Liquid		
Appearance		Clear.		
Colour		Red.		
Odour	1	Pungent ammonia odour.		
Odour threshold		No data available		
рН		No data available		
Relative evaporation rate (butyl ac	cetate=1) :	No data available		
Melting point		No data available		
Freezing point	uera nor me o	No data available		
Boiling point	the second s	> 35 °C (> 95 °F)		
Flash point		< 10 °C (< 50 °F - Pensky Ma	artens Closed Cup)	
Auto-ignition temperature	and the second	No data available		
Decomposition temperature		No data available		
Flammability (solid, gas)		No data available		
Vapour pressure	them ton due bu	No data available		
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	4 . 6	No data available		
Relative density	1050 101 008 19	No data available		
Density		0.891 (Specific Gravity @ 25	°C)	
Solubility	Anne tarcetta en	Soluble in water.		
Log Pow	فيار مصرف أرزاد	No data available		
Log Kow	Dian ten tria or	No data available		
Viscosity, kinematic	Jam ton sus	No data available		
Viscosity, dynamic		No data available		
Explosive properties	ginital Leibadra	No data available		
Oxidising properties	nitizen antien result	No data available		
Explosive limits		No data available		
		Summer and States		

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates : Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. Corrosive vapours. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides. release of highly flammable gases/vapours hydrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological informatic	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	

Acute toxicity

Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
LD50 oral rat	350 mg/kg	Enquistment of the
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	2000 ppm/4h	pisita labia lat
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)		and the second
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	124.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 4 h)	to ake
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	uloty.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.	
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	Held Disease and Market P. Conditional Street Clark	and the second se
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	Not classified	
exposure)	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
	The second se	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of dec may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory syste pain and cough. Difficulty in breathing.	system, headaches.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause severe burns.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastroini Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.	estinal tract.

SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LC50 fishes 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	25.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	0.26 - 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
LC50 fishes 1	12.0 - 16.0 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	9268 - 14221 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2 when a strange when the	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 2	10800 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
2.2. Persistence and degradabilit	y
Ammonia Inhalant Solution	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Ammonia Inhalant Solution	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	the second the contraction and that the use on being the
Log Pow	-1.14 (at 25 °C)
6/06/2014	EN (English)

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Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
Log Pow	-0.32
2.4. Mobility in soil	
lo additional information available	
2.5. Other adverse effects	
other information	: Avoid release to the environment.
ECTION 13: Disposal consideration	S
3.1. Waste treatment methods	
aste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not re-use empty containers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.
dditional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
cology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.
ECTION 14: Transport information	Crossic Invelant Subulor
accordance with DOT	
ransport document description	: UN2924 Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s. (Ammonia, Ethanol), 3, II
N-No.(DOT)	: 2924
OT NA no.	: UN2924
OT Proper Shipping Name	: Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s.
	(Ammonia, Ethanol)
epartment of Transportation (DOT) Hazard lasses	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
azard labels (DOT)	: 3 - Flammable liquid 8 - Corrosive
OT Symbols	: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
acking group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger
OT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal
OT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
OT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
OT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 243
OT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail O CFR 173.27)	
OT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 TR 175.75)	: 5 L 8 leaiment 2 transmission protection of the matter of the 2000 PC and the College of the C
DT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

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DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"
Additional information	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
DR	
ransport document description	: No additional information available
ransport by sea	
o additional information available	
ir transport	
o additional information available	
ECTION 15: Regulatory information	
5.1. US Federal regulations	
Ammonia Inhalant Solution	
	588 lb
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) : Ammonia (7664-41-7)	588 lb
List of Lists) :	Inces Control Act) inventory nical listings)
List of Lists) : Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substa Listed on SARA Section 302 (Specific toxic chen Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chen RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's	Inces Control Act) inventory nical listings)
List of Lists) : Ammonia (7664-41-7) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substa Listed on SARA Section 302 (Specific toxic chen	Inces Control Act) inventory nical listings) nical listings)

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domes	stic Sustances List) inventory.
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domes	stic Sustances List) inventory.
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid

WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid
par state of as may be and provided.	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

EU-Regulations

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	and the second of the
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.	
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.	Second attracts

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Not classified

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Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

Ammonia (7664-41-7)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

- Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
- Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Listed on the Ganadian ingredient Di

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

15.3. US State regulations

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes			

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Flam. Gas 2	Flammable gases, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
H221	Flammable gas
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer

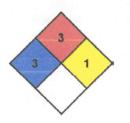
NFPA health hazard

NFPA fire hazard

NFPA reactivity

- : 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
- : 3 Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient conditions.

: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.



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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This Material Safety Data Sheet is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a person trained in, or supervised by a person trained in, the safe handling of chemical materials. James Alexander Corporation (JAC), expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product or information provided herein. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer(s) and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, JAC makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond JAC's control and therefore, users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product, or from the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein and does not relate to its use in combination vith any other material or in any other process.

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 - Pier en accubienno maninono henescrem Anninami do totalo
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CHESS POLISS POLIS

 כל עיל אנקטיבטית מסאום בעוגים הביולטים (בתוקסיות), סד הצפור עקר (ה, עיל, שיצור לה, עיל) בירוחניו (הביולוביי ה (עילותה אופי מיניפור.

 3 - Liquida coro abulda fratican bei ignited undat aimaet al amobilat cominana.

 Martinity statut, but no moops undeplet material longenitures and precisions or movies adminitions referes of accepted into underly.

10/10