1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
Product Identity / Alternate Names  F-900 Torque Seal

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Intended use / Application Method  N/A

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company Name  Organic Products Company
1963 E. Irving Blvd.
Irving Texas 75060

Emergency
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.  CHEM-TEL (800) 255-3924
Outside USA (813) 248-0585

Customer Service: Organic Products Company  (972) 438-7321

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Flam. Liq. 3;H226  Flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute Tox. 4;H302  Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 4;H312  Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4;H332  Harmful if inhaled.

2.2. Label elements
Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H370 Causes damage to organs.
3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient/Chemical Designations</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
<th>GHS Classification</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS Number: 0000064-17-5</td>
<td>25 - 50</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2;H225</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS Number: 0000067-56-1</td>
<td>25 - 50</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2;H225</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3;H331</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3;H311</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 3;H301</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 1;H370</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.  
*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General  
Move victim to fresh air. Keep victim warm and quiet.  
Call 911 or emergency medical service if deemed necessary.  
Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.  
Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Do not remove if adhering to skin.  
In case of contact, flush skin or eyes with water. Wash skin with soap and water.  
In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water.  
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Inhalation  
Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes
Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.

Skin
Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Clothing frozen to the skin should be thawed before being removed. In case of contact with liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water.

Ingestion
If chemical is swallowed, Call Physician Or Poison Control Center For Most Current Information. Ingestion is life threatening.
Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or who cannot swallow.
Victims Of chemical exposure must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention, if necessary. Take copy of label and SDS with victim to health professional.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview
Acute: Severe irritation of the tissue that had contact with the product (skin, eyes, mucous membranes). Drowsiness, fatigue, confusion may be experienced after inhalation or ingestion of the material.

Chronic: Methanol is eliminated slowly from the body. Therefore repeated exposures may build up to toxic levels in body tissues. Animal studies shows long term exposures to Methanol damages the CNS, kidneys or liver, skin disorders, and birth defects.

Symptoms of Over Exposure by Route of Exposure:
Methanol may be harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or injected into skin. Methanol can cause skin and eye irritation or damage. Methanol can be very irritating to mucous membranes and the respiratory tract.

Inhalation: Inhalation of Methanol vapors may lead to irritation of the nose and throat. Symptoms of overexposure may include dizziness, coughing, headache, dyspnea, lachrymation, nausea and vomiting. Exposure to high concentrations of this material vapor may cause unconsciousness or death.

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, skin contact, eyes, ingestion.

Target Organs: CNS, eyes, circulatory and respiratory systems.

Contact With Skin or Eyes: Methanol is an eye and skin irritant. Splashes in the eye may cause eye irritation, redness, tearing, and temporary corneal damage or blindness.

Skin Absorption: Methanol is absorbed through the skin and may result in effects similar to inhalation exposure.

Ingestion: Ingestion of one to four ounces of Methanol can cause irreversible damage to the nervous system, blindness, or death. It cannot be made non-poisonous. Aspiration of the material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

Injection: Injection of Methanol can lead to redness and irritation of the surrounding tissue.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.
5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam, Sand.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.
Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.
Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters
Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames.
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).
Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Containers may explode when heated.
Many liquids are lighter than water.
Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes.
Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.
Runoff from fire control may cause pollution.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses.
Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.
Collect in flammable waste container for disposal.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions.
7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
The requirements of the Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations apply if the flashpoint is between 21°C and 32°C.
See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.
Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.
Incompatible materials: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents
See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)
No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0000064-17-5</td>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0000064-17-5</td>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>STEL: 1000 ppm Revised 2009,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH</td>
<td>TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Supplier</td>
<td>No Established Limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0000067-56-1</td>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0000067-56-1</td>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm Skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH</td>
<td>TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m3) ST 250 ppm (325 mg/m3) [skin]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Supplier</td>
<td>No Established Limit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Carcinogen Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0000064-17-5</td>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>Select Carcinogen: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>Known: No; Suspected: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>Group 1: Yes; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0000067-56-1</td>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>Select Carcinogen: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>Known: No; Suspected: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2. Exposure controls

**Respiratory**
If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.

**Eyes**
Protective safety glasses recommended.

**Skin**
Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should be worn. Skin should not be exposed. All parts of the body should be washed after contact. Use neoprene or rubber gloves.

**Engineering Controls**
Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Other Work Practices**
Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Colored Paste</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Alcohol Odor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>Not Measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point / freezing point</td>
<td>Not Measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>148 F (64 C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>109 F (Tag Open Cup)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)</td>
<td>&lt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</td>
<td><strong>Lower Explosive Limit</strong>: Not Measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Upper Explosive Limit</strong>: Not Measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure (Pa)</td>
<td>127 mm Hg @25 C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>1.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>1.077</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in Water</td>
<td>Appreciable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)</td>
<td>Not Measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not Measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not Measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity (cSt)</td>
<td>Paste</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC %</td>
<td>4 pounds/gallon (478 gms/liter)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 9.2. Other information
No other relevant information.
10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
High temperatures, fires, and incompatibles.

10.5. Incompatible materials
Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Oral LD50, mg/kg</th>
<th>Skin LD50, mg/kg</th>
<th>Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr</th>
<th>Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr</th>
<th>Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol - (64-17-5)</td>
<td>7,060.00, Rat - Category: NA</td>
<td>20,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA</td>
<td>124.70, Rat - Category: NA</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol - (67-56-1)</td>
<td>143.00, Human - Category: 3</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>64,000.00, Rat - Category: NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Hazard Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity (oral)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity (dermal)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Harmful in contact with skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity (inhalation)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Harmful if inhaled.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity
Aquatic Ecotoxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l</th>
<th>48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l</th>
<th>ErC50 algae, mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol - (64-17-5)</td>
<td>42.00, Oncorhynchus mykiss</td>
<td>2.00, Daphnia magna</td>
<td>17.921 (96 hr), Ulva pertusa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol - (67-56-1)</td>
<td>100.00, Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>10,000.00, Daphnia magna</td>
<td>16.912 (96 hr), Ulva pertusa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2. Persistence and degradability
There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil
No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects
No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods
Destroy by liquid incineration. Use absorbent material and dispose in accordance with all regulations.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number
DOT UN1263
IMO / IMDG UN1263
ICAO/IATA UN1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name
DOT UN1263, Paint, 3, III
IMO / IMDG Paint
ICAO/IATA Paint

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
DOT Hazard Class: 3
DOT Label: 3

14.4. Packing group
III

14.5. Environmental hazards
IMO / IMDG: 3
Sub Class: Not Applicable
Air Class: 3

14.6. Special precautions for user
No further information

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code
Not Applicable
15. Regulatory information

**Regulatory Overview**
The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented. All ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Inventory.

**WHMIS Classification**
B3

**US EPA Tier II Hazards**
- **Fire**: Yes
- **Sudden Release of Pressure**: No
- **Reactive**: No
- **Immediate (Acute)**: Yes
- **Delayed (Chronic)**: No

**EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):**
- Methanol (5,000.00)

**EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**
(No Product Ingredients Listed)

**EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**
- Methanol

**Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):**
(No Product Ingredients Listed)

**Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):**
- Methanol

**Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**
(No Product Ingredients Listed)

**Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**
(No Product Ingredients Listed)

**N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):**
- Ethanol
- Methanol

**Penn RTK Substances (>1%):**
- Ethanol
- Methanol
The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H370 Causes damage to organs.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.